YORKE PENINSULA COUNCIL

DOGS & CATS BY-LAW 2013

BY-LAW NO. 5 OF 2013

A By-law to limit the number of dogs kept on premises, for the management and control of dogs in the Council area and to require cats to be identified.

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PART 1 - PRELIMINARY

1. Title

This By-law may be cited as the *Dogs and Cats By-law 2013* and is By-law No. 5 of the Yorke Peninsula Council.

2. Authorising law

This By-law is made under section 90(5) of the *Dog and Cat Management Act 1995*, sections 238 and 246 of the Act, and sections 667(1), 9.XVI of the *Local Government Act 1934*.

Purpose

The objectives of this By-law are:

- 3.1. to control and manage dogs in the Council area:
 - 3.1.1 to reduce the incidence of environmental nuisance caused by dogs; and
 - 3.1.2 to promote responsible dog ownership; and
 - 3.1.3 to protect the convenience, comfort and safety of members of the public; and
 - 3.1.4 for the good rule and government of the Council area; and
- 3.2. to require cats to be identified to:
 - 3.2.1 promote responsible cat ownership; and
 - 3.2.2 to enable stray cats in the Council's area to be distinguished from domestic cats that are kept as pets.

4. Commencement, revocation and expiry

- 4.1. The following By-laws previously made by the Council are revoked from the day on which this By-law comes into operation¹:
 - 4.1.1 Yorke Peninsula Council A J.²
- 4.2. This By-law will expire on 1 January 2021.3

Note-

- 1. Generally a By-law comes into operation 4 months after the day on which it is gazetted: section 249(5) of the Act.
- Section 253 of the Act provides that the revocation of a By-law by another By-law that contains substantially the same provisions, does not affect certain resolutions such as those applying a By-law to a part or parts of the Council area.
- 3. Pursuant to section 251 of the Act, a By-law will expire on 1 January following the seventh anniversary of the gazettal of the By-law.

5. Application

- 5.1. This By-law operates subject to the Council's *Permits and Penalties By-law* 2013.
- 5.2. Subject to clauses 5.3, this By-law applies throughout the Council area..
- 5.3. Clauses 9.1.1, 10.1.2, of this By-law only apply in such part or parts of the Council area as the Council may, by resolution direct in accordance with section 246(3)(e) of the Act.

6. Interpretation

In this By-law, unless the contrary intention appears:

- 6.1. Act means the Local Government Act 1999;
- 6.2. approved kennel establishment means a building, structure or area approved by a relevant authority, pursuant to the Development Act 1993 for the keeping of dogs on a temporary or permanent basis;
- 6.3. cat means an animal of the species felis catus;
- 6.4. **children's playground** means an enclosed area in which there is equipment or other installed devices for the purpose of children's play (or within 3 metres of such devices if there is no enclosed area);
- 6.5. Council means Yorke Peninsula Council;
- 6.6. **detached dwelling**, **row dwelling** and **semi-detached dwelling** have the same meanings as in the *Development Act 1993*;
- 6.7. **dog** (except for in clause 7.1) has the same meaning as in the *Dog and Cat Management Act 1995*;
- 6.8. effective control means a person exercising effective control of a dog either:
 - 6.8.1 by means of a physical restraint; or
 - 6.8.2 by command, the dog being in close proximity to the person and the person being able to see the dog at all times;
- 6.9. identified cat means a cat that has either:
 - 6.9.1 a microchip implanted in its body containing information that may be used to obtain the current name, address and telephone number of the current owner or other person entitled to possession of the cat; or
 - 6.9.2 a collar around its neck and the collar, or a tag securely attached to the collar, is marked with the current address or telephone number of the owner or person entitle to possession of the cat.
- 6.10. **keep** includes the provision of food or shelter;
- 6.11. premises includes land, whether used or occupied for domestic or nondomestic purposes, except an approved kennel establishment;

- 6,12. **small dwelling** means a self-contained residence that is:
 - 6.12.1 a residential flat building;
 - 6.12.2 contained in a separate strata unit;
 - 6.12.3 on an allotment less than 400-600 square metres in area; or
 - 6.12.4 without a secure yard of at least 100 square metres in area;
- 6.13. working dog means a dog used principally for droving or tending livestock.

Note-

Section 14 of the *Interpretation Act 1915* provides that an expression used in this By-law has, unless the contrary intention appears, the same meaning as in the Acts under which the By-laws was made.

PART 2 - LIMITS ON DOG NUMBERS

7. Limits on dog numbers in private premises

- 7.1. Subject to clauses 7.3 and 7.5, a person must not, without the Council's permission keep:
 - 7.1.1 in a township, more than one dog in a small dwelling;
 - 7.1.2 in a township, more than two dogs in premises other than a small dwelling;
 - 7.1.3 outside of a township, more than three dogs (other than working dogs);
- 7.2. For the purposes of clause 7.1, 'dog' means a dog that is three (3) months of age or older or, a dog that has lost its juvenile teeth.
- 7.3. Clause 7.1 does not apply to:
 - 7.3.1 approved kennel establishments operating in accordance with all required approvals and consents; or
 - 7.3.2 any business involving dogs provided that the business is registered in accordance with the *Dog and Cat Management Act 1995*.
- 7.4. The Council may require that premises which are the subject of an application for permission to keep additional dogs, must be inspected by an authorised person for the purpose of assessing the suitability of the premises for housing dogs.
- 7.5. No dog is to be kept on any premises where, in the opinion of an authorised person, there is no secure or appropriate area where a dog may be effectively confined.

PART 3 – DOG CONTROLS

8. Dog exercise areas

- 8.1. Subject to clauses 9 and 10 of this By-law, a person may enter a park in the Council area for the purpose of exercising a dog under his or her effective control.
- 8.2. A person entering a dog exercise area designated by the Council must ensure that any dog under that person's control, charge or authority is under effective control at all times.

9. Dog on leash areas

- 9.1. A person must not, without the Council's permission, allow a dog under that person's control, charge or authority (except an accredited guide dog, hearing dog or disability dog that is required to remain off-lead in order to fulfil its functions) to be or remain:
 - 9.1.1 on Local Government land or public place to which the Council has resolved that this subclause applies; and
 - 9.1.2 on any park or reserve during times when organised sport is being played;

unless the dog is secured by a strong leash not exceeding 2 metres in length which is either tethered securely to a fixed object capable of securing the dog or held by a person capable of controlling the dog and preventing it from being a nuisance or a danger to other persons.

10. Dog prohibited areas

- 10.1. A person must not allow a dog under that person's control, charge or authority (except an accredited guide dog, hearing dog or disability dog) to enter or remain:
 - 10.1.1 on any children's playground on Local Government land:
 - 10.1.2 on any other Local Government land or public place to which the Council has determined that this subclause applies.

11. Dog faeces

No person is to allow a dog under that person's control, charge or authority to be in a public place or on Local Government land unless that person has in their possession a bag or other suitable container for the collection and lawful disposal of any faeces that the dog may deposit (for the purpose of complying with their obligation under section 45A(6) of the *Dog and Cat Management Act 1995*).

PART 4 - IDENTIFICATION OF CATS

12. Cats to be identified

A person must not, without the Council's permission, keep in any premises a cat of or over the age of 4 months or which has lost its juvenile canine teeth, unless the cat is an identified cat.

PART 5 - ENFORCEMENT

13. Orders

- 13.1. If a person engages in conduct that is in contravention of this By-law, an authorised person may order that person:
 - 13.1.1 if the conduct is still continuing to stop the conduct; and
 - 13.1.2 whether or not the conduct is still continuing to take specified action to remedy the contravention.
- 13.2. A person must comply with an order under this clause.
- 13.3. If a person does not comply with an order, the authorised person may take action reasonably required to have the order carried out, and the Council may recover its costs of any action so taken from the person to whom the order was directed.
- 13.4. However, an authorised person may not use force against a person under this section.

Note-

For example, an authorised person may order a person to:

- cease keeping more than the permitted number of dogs on that person's premises; or
- remove a dog from a dog prohibited area.

This By-law was duly made and passed at a meeting of the Yorke Peninsula Council held on the 11 December 2013 by an absolute majority of the members for the time being constituting the Council, there being at least two thirds of the members present.

> Andrew Cameron Chief Executive Officer

SECTION 249 LOCAL GOVERNMENT ACT 1999

CERTIFICATE OF VALIDITY

I, CIMON ANGELA BURKE of Level 6, 19 Gilles Street, Adelaide in the State of South Australia, being a legal practitioner within the meaning of the *Legal Practitioners Act 1981*, declare that I have examined the following by-law:

Yorke Peninsula Council

By-law No 5 - Dogs & Cats 2013

A by-law to limit the number of dogs kept on premises and for the management and control of dogs in the Council area and, to require the identification of cats.

and do certify that in my opinion:

Yorke Peninsula Council

has the power to make the by-law by virtue of the following statutory provisions:

Local Government Act 1999: sections 238, 246(1)(a), 246(3)(a), 246(3)(c) and 246(3)(e);

and

Dog and Cat Management 1995: section 90; and

Local Government Act 1934: section 667(1) 4.1 and 9.XVI;

and the by-law is not in conflict with the Local Government Act 1999.

DATED the 20 day of N

November

2013

Cimon Burke, Legal Practitioner